

#### **General Description**

The MAX5902/MAX5903 are hot-swap controllers that allow a circuit card to be safely hot plugged into a live backplane without causing a glitch on the power-supply rail. These devices operate from +9V to +72V and provide the simplest hot-swap solution by eliminating all external components except the external p-channel MOSFET.

The MAX5902/MAX5903 limit the inrush current to the load and provide a circuit-breaker function for overcurrent protection. During startup the circuit-breaker function is disabled and the MAX5902/MAX5903 limit the inrush current by gradually turning on the external MOSFET. Once the external MOSFET is fully enhanced, the circuit-breaker function is enabled and the MAX5902/MAX5903 provide overcurrent protection by monitoring the voltage drop across the external MOSFET's on-resistance.

The MAX5902/MAX5903 include an undervoltage lockout (UVLO) function, ON/OFF control input, and a power-good status output, PGOOD (MAX5902) or PGOOD (MAX5903). A built-in thermal shutdown feature is also included to protect the external MOSFET in case of overheating.

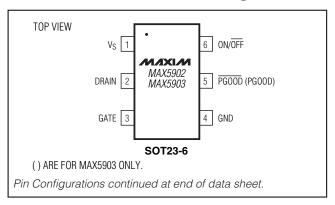
The MAX5902/MAX5903 offer latched or autoretry fault management and are available with 300mV, 400mV or 500mV circuit-breaker thresholds. Both the MAX5902 and MAX5903 are available in small SOT23 and TDFN packages, and are specified for the extended -40°C to +85°C temperature range. For specific ordering information, see the Selector Guide at the end of the data sheet.

#### **Applications**

**Network Routers** Servers **Network Switches RAID** 

Base Station Line Industrial Systems Cards

#### Pin Configurations



#### Features

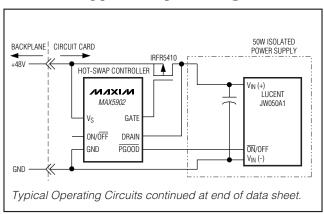
- ♦ Wide +9V to +72V Operation
- ♦ Requires No External Sense Resistor
- ◆ Drives External p-Channel MOSFET
- **♦ Limits Inrush Current**
- ♦ Circuit-Breaker Function
- ♦ Less than 2mA Quiescent Current
- ♦ ON/OFF Input Permits Load Power-Supply Control and Sequencing
- **♦ Adjustable Undervoltage Lockout**
- ♦ Power-Good Output with +72V Rating
- ◆ Latching or Automatic Retry Fault Management
- **♦** Thermal Shutdown Helps Protect the External **MOSFET**
- ♦ Available in Two Small Packages 6-Pin TDFN and SOT23

#### **Ordering Information**

TEMP BANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
	6 SOT23-6
	6 TDFN-6
	6 SOT23-6
	6 TDFN-6
	-40°C to +85°C -40°C to +85°C -40°C to +85°C -40°C to +85°C

\*For specific part numbers see the Selector Guide at end of data sheet.

### Typical Operating Circuits



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Maxim Integrated Products 1

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Terminal Voltage (with respect to	GND unless otherwise noted)
Vs, DRAIN, PGOOD, PGOOD	0.3V to +76V
ON/OFF	0.3V to +4V
GATE to Vs	12V to +0.3V
Current into any Pin	±3mA

Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70$ °C)
6-Pin SOT23 (derate 9.1mW/°C above +70°C)727mV
6-Pin TDFN (derate 18.2mW/°C above +70°C)1454mW
Junction to Case
Thermal Resistance, θ <sub>JC</sub> (TDFN)8.5°C/M
Maximum Junction Temperature+150°C
Storage Temperature Range60°C to +150°C
Lead TemperatureNote

Note 1: This device is constructed using a unique set of packaging techniques that impose a limit on the thermal profile the device can be exposed to during board level solder attach and rework. This limit permits only the use of solder profiles recommended in the industry standard specification, JEDEC 020A, paragraph 7.6, Table 3 for IR/VPR and convection reflow. Preheating is required. Hand or wave soldering is not allowed.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_S = +9V \text{ to } +72V, \text{GND} = 0V, \text{ON/OFF} \text{ open circuit, } T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$  Typical values are at  $V_S = +48V \text{ and } T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}.)$  (Notes 2, 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	L CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Supply Voltage	Vs			9		72	V	
Supply Current	I <sub>GND</sub>	Measured out of GND, open circuit, DRAIN =			1	2	mA	
External Gate Drive	V/00	Vs - Vgate	$V_S = +36V \text{ to } +72V$	9	10	11	V	
External Gate Drive	V <sub>GS</sub>	VS - VGAIE	V <sub>S</sub> = +9V	8	8.5		v	
Load Voltage Slew-Rate	SR	l dV <sub>DRAIN</sub> /dt l	$V_S = +36V \text{ to } +72V$	5	9	18	V/m:	
Magnitude	Sh	$C_L = 10\mu F$	V <sub>S</sub> = +9V	3	6	11	V/III	
Default Undervoltage Lockout	V <sub>U</sub> VLO	V <sub>S</sub> increasing		28.5	31.5	34.5	V	
Undervoltage Lockout Hysteresis					3.5		V	
ON/OFF Pin Input Resistance	Ron/OFF			19	32	52	kΩ	
DRAIN to GND Resistance	RDGND				900		kΩ	
DRAIN to V <sub>S</sub> Resistance	R <sub>DS</sub>				650		kΩ	
ON/OFF Reference Threshold	Von/OFF	V <sub>ON/OFF</sub> Increasing		1.14	1.26	1.38	V	
ON/OFF Hysteresis					140		m۷	
Start Delay (Note 4)	ton			80	150	280	ms	
ON/OFF Off Delay (Note 5)	toff	Vs - Vgate < 1V		5	10	18	ms	
			MAX590AEUT	200	300	460		
Circuit-Breaker Threshold	V <sub>CB</sub>	Vs - VDRAIN	MAX590BEUT	280	400	540	mV	
			MAX590CEUT	400	500 660			
		(Vs - VDRAIN) > VCB	CGATE = 1nF		2	6.5		
Circuit-Breaker Delay (Note 6)	t <sub>CB</sub>	until (VS - VGATE) < 1V, 200mV	CGATE = 4.7nF		4	11	μs	
		overdrive step	CGATE = 10nF	7 17		17	1	
Restart Delay (Note 4)	t <sub>RS</sub>	After circuit breaker e MAX590_ A_EUT only		80	150	280	ms	
Power-Good Output Low Voltage	VoL	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1mA		1	0.3	0.6	V	

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

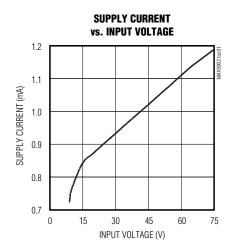
 $(V_S = +9V \text{ to } +72V, \text{GND} = 0V, \text{ON/OFF} \text{ open circuit, } T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$  Typical values are at  $V_S = +48V \text{ and } T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .) (Notes 2, 3)

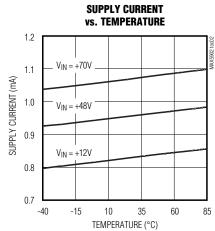
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Power-Good Output Open-Drain Leakage Current	ГОН	V <sub>PGOOD</sub> = 72V (MAX5902) V <sub>PGOOD</sub> = 72V (MAX5903)			10	μΑ
Thermal Shutdown Temperature	T <sub>SD</sub>	Junction temperature		+125		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	T <sub>H</sub> Y			15		°C

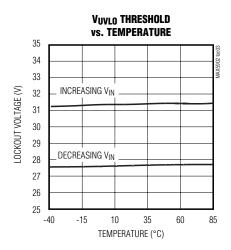
- **Note 2:** All currents into device pins are positive, all currents out of device pins are negative, and all voltages are referenced to GND, unless otherwise noted.
- Note 3: All specifications are 100% tested at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted. Specifications over -40°C to +85°C are guaranteed by characterization.
- **Note 4:** This is the delay time from a valid on condition until V<sub>GS</sub> begins rising. Valid on conditions are: the device is not in undervoltage lockout; ON/OFF is not driven low; and the device is not in thermal shutdown.
- Note 5: This is the delay from a valid low on ON/OFF until VGS falls. Pulses on ON/OFF less than tope are ignored, offering glitch immunity.
- Note 6: Guaranteed by characterization, not production tested. CGATE is a capacitor from GATE to Vs.

### Typical Operating Characteristics

 $(V_S = +48V, GND = 0V, and T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted. See Figure 2 for test circuits.)$ 

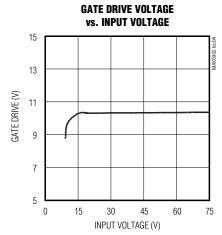


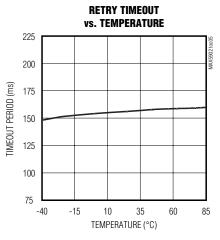


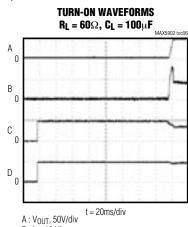


#### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_S = +48V, GND = 0V, and T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted. See Figure 2 for test circuits.)$ 





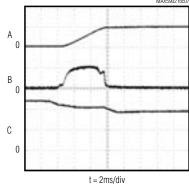


**TURN-ON WAVEFORMS** 

t = 2ms/div

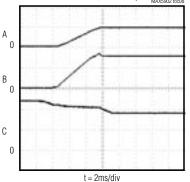
- B : I<sub>IN</sub>, 1A/div
- C: V<sub>GATE</sub>, 50V/div D: V<sub>IN</sub>, 50V/div

## **TURN-ON WAVEFORMS** $R_L = OPEN, C_L = 100 \mu F_{MAX5902 toc07}$





#### **TURN-ON WAVEFORMS** $R_L = 60\Omega$ , $C_L = 10\mu F$



A: V<sub>OUT</sub>, 50V/div B: I<sub>IN</sub>, 0.5A/div C: VGATE, 20V/div

## $R_L = 60Ω$ , $C_L = 100μF$ MAX5902 toc09 Α В С 0

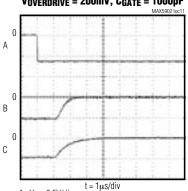
- A: V<sub>OUT</sub>, 50V/div
- B: I<sub>IN</sub>, 1A/div
- C: VGATE, 20V/div

#### **CIRCUIT-BREAKER EVENT**

## Voverdrive = 20mV, CGATE = 1000pF 0 Α B 0 0 С $t = 1\mu s/div$

- $A:V_{DS},\,0.5V/div$ B: V<sub>GS</sub>, 10V/div
- $C:V_{\overline{PG00D}}$  TO  $V_S$ , 50V/div

#### **CIRCUIT-BREAKER EVENT** Voverdrive = 200mV, CGATE = 1000pF



- $A:V_{DS}, 0.5V/div$
- B: V<sub>GS</sub>, 10V/div
- C: VPGOOD TO VS, 50V/div

#### **Pin Description**

Р	IN		
MAX5902	MAX5903	NAME	FUNCTION
1	1	Vs	Positive Supply Voltage Input and External p-Channel MOSFET Source Connection
2	2	DRAIN	Drain Sense Input for External p-Channel MOSFET. Connect DRAIN as close as possible to the MOSFET's drain and use wide circuit traces to assure good thermal coupling between the MAX5902/MAX5903 and the MOSFET. See <i>Layout Guidelines</i> Section.
3	3	GATE	Gate Drive Output for External p-Channel MOSFET
4	4	GND	Ground Connection
5	_	PGOOD	Power-Good Output. PGOOD is an n-channel, open-drain, active-low output, referenced to GND.
_	5	PGOOD	Power-Good Output. PGOOD is an n-channel, open-drain, active-high output, referenced to GND.
6	6	ON/OFF	ON/OFF Control Input. ON/OFF is referenced to GND. Drive ON/OFF above 1.38V or leave unconnected to enable the device. Drive ON/OFF below 1V to disable the device. ON/OFF is also used to adjust the UVLO threshold. Internally clamped to nominally 3V through a $1k\Omega$ resistor (See Figure 1). (See the <i>Undervoltage Lockout</i> section in the <i>Applications Information</i> .)
_	_	EP	Exposed Pad (TDFN only). Connect to GND.

#### **Detailed Description**

The MAX5902/MAX5903 are integrated hot-swap controller ICs contained in 6-pin SOT23 and TDFN packages. They allow a board to be safely hot-plugged into a live backplane without causing a glitch on the power-supply rail. They are well suited for +48V power systems allowing cost-effective, simple, and compact design. The MAX5902/MAX5903 operate from +9V to +72V to cover a wide range of end equipment hot-swap needs. They require only an external p-channel power MOSFET to provide hot-swap control. Figure 1 shows a functional block diagram of the MAX5902/MAX5903.

The MAX5902/MAX5903 controls an external p-channel power MOSFET placed in the positive power-supply pathway. When power is first applied, the MAX5902/MAX5903 keep the MOSFET turned off. The MAX5902/MAX5903 hold the MOSFET off indefinitely if ON/OFF is held low, if the supply voltage is below the undervoltage lockout level, or if the die temperature exceeds +125°C. If none of these conditions exist for 150ms (typ), the MAX5902/MAX5903 begin to gradually turn on the MOSFET. During this turn-on phase, the MAX5902/MAX5903 slowly enhance the MOSFET, allowing the voltage on the load, i.e. the drain of the MOSFET, to rise at a rate of 9V/ms (typ). The inrush current to the load is thus limited to a level proportional to

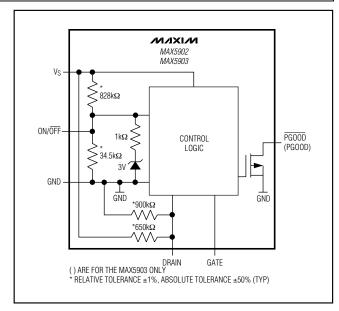


Figure 1. Functional Block Diagram

the load capacitance, and the constant slew rate. After the MOSFET is fully enhanced, and the load voltage is settled to its final value, the MAX5902A/ MAX5903A and MAX5902L/MAX5903L monitor the voltage drop across the MOSFET. If the voltage drop exceeds the circuit-

breaker threshold the MAX5902A/MAX5903A and MAX5902L/MAX5903L turn off the MOSFET, disconnecting the load immediately. If no circuit-breaker fault exists, the MAX5902/MAX5903 assert the power-good output. Then, if any of four conditions exist, the power-good output deasserts and the MAX5902/MAX5903 turn off the MOSFET. The four conditions are: the voltage across the MOSFET exceeds the circuit-breaker threshold; the supply voltage falls below the undervoltage lockout level; the die temperature exceeds +125°C; or ON/OFF is forced low. After a circuit-breaker fault, the MAX5902L/MAX5903L keep the MOSFET off until the power is cycled, or the part is reset by toggling ON/OFF low for 10ms (typ). After a circuit-breaker fault, the MAX5902A/MAX5903A automatically restarts

in 150ms (typ). All versions automatically restart after a thermal fault, or an undervoltage shutdown, if the fault condition goes away for at least 150ms (typ).

ON/OFF offers external control of the MAX5902/MAX5903, facilitating power-supply sequencing, and may also be used to change the undervoltage lockout (UVL) level. UVLO keeps the external MOSFET switched off as long as the input voltage is below the desired level.

A power-good output,  $\overline{PGOOD}$  (MAX5902) or PGOOD (MAX5903), asserts when the external MOSFET is fully enhanced and the source-drain voltage is below the circuit-breaker threshold.  $\overline{PGOOD}$  and PGOOD are

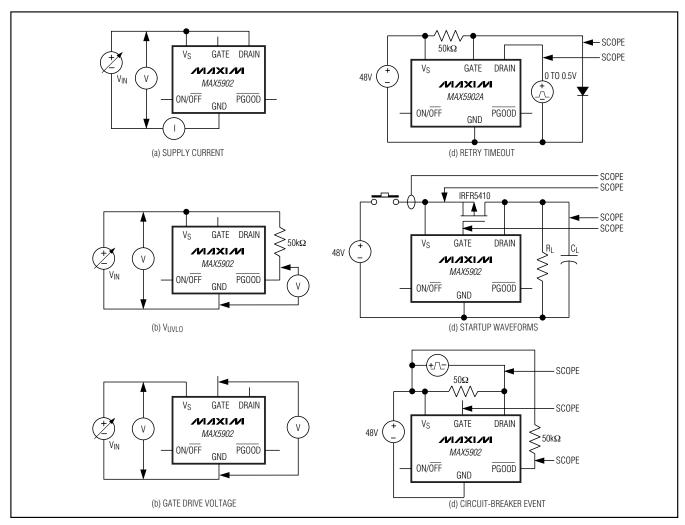


Figure 2. Test Circuits

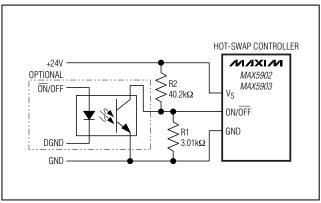


Figure 3. Programmed +18V Lockout, with Optional Optocoupler On/Off Control.

open-drain outputs referenced to GND, and can withstand up to +72V.

A thermal shutdown feature protects the external MOS-FET by turning it off if the die temperature of the MAX5902/MAX5903 exceeds +125°C. The MAX5902/MAX5903 must be in good thermal contact with the external MOSFET. See *Layout Guidelines* in the *Applications* section of the data sheet.

A circuit-breaker function monitors the voltage across the external MOSFET,  $V_{SD}$ , and turns off the MOSFET if  $V_{SD}$  exceeds the circuit-breaker threshold,  $V_{CB}$ . The circuit-breaker function is enabled after the MOSFET is fully enhanced. Three threshold voltage options are available—300mV, 400mV, and 500mV. One version is available with no circuit-breaker function. Fault management for the MAX5902/MAX5903 is offered with two different configurations; latched and automatic retry.

#### **Latched Circuit Breaker**

After a circuit-breaker trip event, the latched versions (MAX5902L/MAX5903L) drive GATE to Vs, turning off the external MOSFET, and PGOOD (PGOOD) is deasserted. A latched off condition needs to be reset by toggling ON/OFF low for at least 10ms, or by cycling the power supply, Vs.

#### **Automatic Retry Circuit Breaker**

After a circuit-breaker trip event, the automatic retry versions (MAX5902A/MAX5903A) drive GATE to VS, turning off the external MOSFET, and PGOOD (PGOOD) is deasserted. If the start conditions are met for a full 150ms (tRS) the start sequence is re-initiated. The start conditions are: the device is not in UVLO:

ON/OFF is not driven low; and the device is not in thermal shutdown.

#### No Circuit Breaker

For the versions without a circuit breaker, MAX5902N (MAX5903N), PGOOD (PGOOD) are asserted when the MOSFET is fully enhanced. Once powered up the MAX5902N/MAX5903N ignore the MOSFET drain-to-source voltage for applications where a circuit-breaker function is not desired.

#### **Applications Information**

#### **ON/OFF** Control Input

The ON/OFF control input provides three functions: external ON/OFF control; setting of the UVLO level; and resetting after a circuit-breaker event has caused the MAX5902L/MAX5903L to turn off the external MOSFET. Pulling ON/OFF to GND for at least 10ms (topf) forces the MAX5902/MAX5903 to turn off the external MOSFET (see Figure 3 for a circuit example). To reset the MAX5902L/MAX5903L after a circuit-breaker event, toggle ON/OFF to GND for at least 10ms (topf).

ON/ $\overline{\text{OFF}}$  can be used to sequence power supplies. Connecting a capacitor from ON/ $\overline{\text{OFF}}$  to GND will delay the rise of ON/ $\overline{\text{OFF}}$  proportional to the capacitance and input impedance of ON/ $\overline{\text{OFF}}$ , typically 33k $\Omega$  (Figure 4).

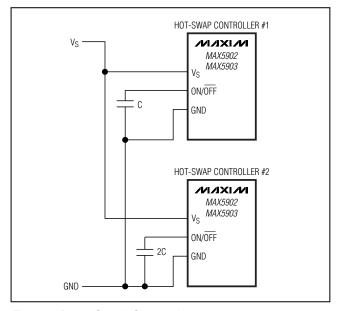


Figure 4. Power-Supply Sequencing

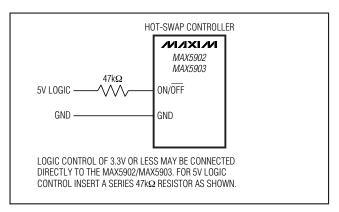


Figure 5. Logic Control

The MAX5902/MAX5903 can be controlled by logic-level signals. Logic-level signals of 3.3V or 1.8V may be directly connected to ON/OFF. For 5V logic level control, insert a series  $47k\Omega$  resistor as shown in Figure 5.

#### **Turn-On and Turn-Off Delays**

After power is applied, or ON/OFF is released, there is a 150ms delay (ton) before the gate ramp is started. This delay is also the automatic restart time delay.

In the event of a circuit-breaker condition or an over-temperature fault condition, the turn-off delay is less than 4µs. An undervoltage condition must exist for at least 10ms (toff) before the MAX5902/MAX5903 turns off the external MOSFET. ON/OFF must be held low for at least 10ms (toff) before the MAX5902/MAX5903 turns off the external MOSFET. Turn-off delay minimizes spurious shutdowns due to noisy signals or momentary voltage spikes, as well as preventing accidental resetting of the circuit-breaker latch (MAX5902L/MAX5903L).

#### **Thermal Shutdown**

A thermal shutdown feature helps protect the external MOSFET. If the die temperature of the MAX5902/MAX5903 exceeds +125°C, the MOSFET is turned off. For accurate performance the MAX5902/MAX5903 must be in close thermal contact with the external MOSFET. See the *Layout Guidelines* section for information. Due to the low power dissipation of the MAX5902/MAX5903, its junction temperature will typically be within a few degrees of the MOSFET. All versions of the MAX5902/MAX5903 automatically restart from a temperature fault when the junction temperature drops below +110°C.

#### **Undervoltage Lockout**

The MAX5902/MAX5903 turns off the external MOSFET if the magnitude of the input voltage is below the level

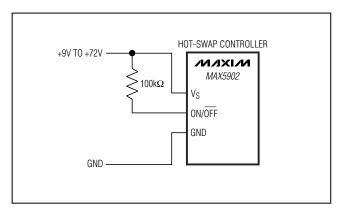


Figure 6. Defeating Undervoltage Lockout

set by ON/OFF for longer than 10ms (toff). If ON/OFF is left unconnected, the lockout voltage (VUVLO) defaults to 31.5V. VUVLO may also be set to any value within the power-supply range by using external resistors. To set the lockout voltage to a value between +9V and +72V use a resistor divider connected between Vs and GND, with the center node of the divider connected to ON/OFF. For example, use a  $3k\Omega$  resistor (R1 in Figure 3) from ON/OFF to GND and calculate the other resistor, R2, using:

$$R2 = R1 \times \left( \frac{V_{UVLO}}{V_{ON}/\overline{OFF}} - 1 \right)$$

where VUVLO is the desired lockout voltage, and VON/OFF is the ON/OFF reference threshold specified in the *Electrical Characteristics* table (typically 1.26V).

Figure 3 shows an example circuit with  $V_{UVLO}$  set for +18V. To defeat the UVLO simply connect a single 100k $\Omega$  resistor between ON/OFF and V<sub>S</sub>, as shown in Figure 6.

#### The Power-Good Output

The power-good output,  $\overline{PGOOD}$  (PGOOD), is opendrain and asserts when the external MOSFET is fully enhanced and VSD is less than the circuit-breaker threshold (VCB). For versions without the circuit-breaker function (MAX5902N/MAX5903N),  $\overline{PGOOD}$  (PGOOD) asserts when the external MOSFET is fully enhanced.

PGOOD (PGOOD) deasserts within 4µs when a circuit-breaker event occurs or if the die temperature exceeds +125°C. PGOOD (PGOOD) deasserts if V<sub>S</sub> < V<sub>UVLO</sub> for longer than 10ms or ON/OFF is held low for longer than 10ms.

The MAX5902 PGOOD is active-low and the MAX5903 PGOOD is active-high. Both are open-drain n-channel

MOSFETs with their sources connected to GND, and can withstand up to +72V.

#### Selecting a Circuit-Breaker Threshold

The MAX5902A/MAX5903A and the MAX5902L/ MAX5903L offer a circuit-breaker function to protect the external MOSFET and the load from the potentially damaging effects of excessive current. As load current flows through the external MOSFET, a voltage, VSD, is generated from source to drain due to the MOSFET's on-resistance, RDS(ON). The MAX5902A/MAX5903A and MAX5902L/MAX5903L monitor VSD when the external MOSFET is fully enhanced. If VSD exceeds the circuit-breaker threshold the external MOSFET is turned off, and PGOOD (PGOOD) is deasserted. To accommodate different MOSFETs and different load currents the MAX5902/MAX5903 are available with circuit-breaker threshold voltages of 300mV, 400mV, and 500mV. To determine the proper circuit-breaker threshold for an application use:

$$V_{CB} > (R_{DS(ON)}) \times (I_{OUT(MAX)})$$

where RDS(ON) is the on-resistance of the MOSFET and IOUT(MAX) is the maximum expected output current.

The MAX5902N/MAX5903N have no circuit-breaker function. For these parts choose an external MOSFET which meets the load requirements.

The circuit-breaker function is intended to protect against gross overcurrent or short-circuit conditions. During a gross overcurrent or short-circuit condition, the MAX5902/MAX5903 disconnect the load by disabling the external MOSFET. For calculating the circuitbreaker threshold use the MOSFET's RON at the worst possible operating condition, and add a 20% overcurrent margin to the maximum circuit current. For instance, if a MOSFET has an RON of  $0.06\Omega$  at TA = +25°C, and a normalized on-resistance factor of 1.75 at  $T_A = +130$ °C (from the MOSFET data sheet), the R<sub>ON</sub> used for calculation is the product of these two numbers, or  $(0.06\Omega)$  x (1.75) =  $0.105\Omega$ . Then, if the maximum current is expected to be 2A, using a 20% margin, the current for calculation is  $(2A) \times (1.2) = 2.4A$ . The resulting minimum circuit-breaker threshold is then a product of these two results, or  $(0.105\Omega) \times (2.4A) =$ 0.252V. The next highest minimum available threshold is 0.280V of the MAX5902ABEUT, which is an ideal choice given these parameters. Using this method to choose a circuit-breaker threshold allows the circuit to operate under worst case conditions without causing a circuit-breaker fault, but the circuit-breaker function will

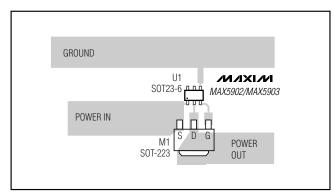


Figure 7. Circuit Board Layout Example.

still operate if a short circuit, or a gross overcurrent condition exists.

#### **Determining Inrush Current**

Determining a circuit's inrush current is necessary to help choose the proper MOSFET. The MAX5902/MAX5903 regulate the inrush current by means of controlling the load voltage slew rate, but inrush current is also a function of load capacitance. Determine inrush current using:

$$I = C \frac{dV}{dt} = C \times SR$$

where C is the load capacitance, and SR is the MAX5902/MAX5903 Load Voltage Slew-Rate Magnitude from the *Electrical Characteristics* table. For example, assuming a load capacitance of  $100\mu F$ , and using the typical value of 9V/ms for the slew rate, the inrush current is 0.9A typical.

If the maximum possible Load Voltage Slew Rate is used, the maximum inrush current calculates to 1.8A.

MAXIMUM I <sub>LOAD</sub> (A)	SUGGESTED EXTERNAL MOSFET	SUGGESTED MAXIM PART
0.5	IRF9540NS	MAX5902AAEUT
1	IRF9540NS	MAX5902ABEUT
2	IRF5210S	MAX5902ABEUT
3	IRF5210S	MAX5902ACEUT

VIN = +9V to +72V

Choose a MOSFET with a maximum pulsed current specification that exceeds the maximum inrush current.

## Suggested External MOSFETs Layout Guidelines

Good thermal contact between the MAX5902/MAX5903 and the external MOSFET is essential for the thermal shutdown feature to operate effectively. Place

the MAX5902/MAX5903 as close as possible to the drain of the external MOSFET, and use wide circuit board traces for good heat transfer. See Figure 7 for an example of a PC board layout.

**Chip Information** 

**TRANSISTOR COUNT: 658** 

PROCESS TECHNOLOGY: BICMOS

#### **Selector Guide**

#### SOT23

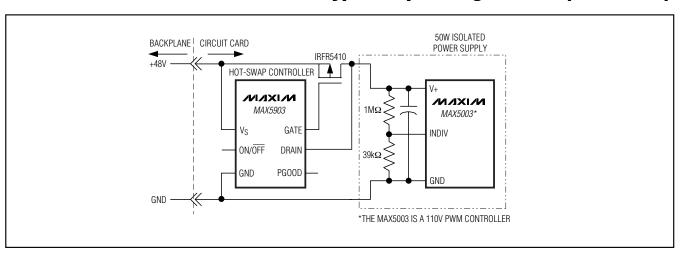
PART	CIRCUIT-BREAKER FUNCTION	CIRCUIT-BREAKER THRESHOLD (mV)	POWER-GOOD OUTPUT LOGIC	TOP MARK
MAX5902NNEUT*	None	None	Active-Low	AASM
MAX5902AAEUT*	Autoretry	300	Active-Low	AASA
MAX5902ABEUT*	Autoretry	400	Active-Low	AASB
MAX5902ACEUT*	Autoretry	500	Active-Low	AASC
MAX5902LAEUT*	Latched	300	Active-Low	AASD
MAX5902LBEUT*	Latched	400	Active-Low	AASE
MAX5902LCEUT*	Latched	500	Active-Low	AASF
MAX5903NNEUT*	None	None	Active-High	AASN
MAX5903AAEUT*	Autoretry	300	Active-High	AASG
MAX5903ABEUT*	Autoretry	400	Active-High	AASH
MAX5903ACEUT*	Autoretry	500	Active-High	AASI
MAX5903LAEUT*	Latched	300	Active-High	AASJ
MAX5903LBEUT*	Latched	400	Active-High	AASK
MAX5903LCEUT*	Latched	500	Active-High	AASL

#### **TDFN**

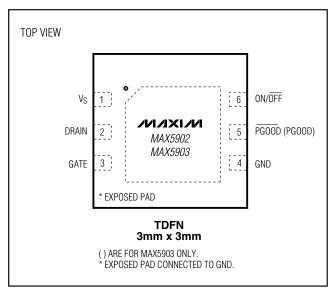
PART	CIRCUIT-BREAKER FUNCTION	CIRCUIT-BREAKER THRESHOLD (mV)	POWER-GOOD OUTPUT LOGIC	TOP MARK
MAX5902NNETT	None	None	Active-Low	AKH
MAX5902AAETT	Autoretry	300	Active-Low	AKI
MAX5902ABETT	Autoretry	400	Active-Low	AKJ
MAX5902ACETT	Autoretry	500	Active-Low	AKK
MAX5902LAETT	Latched	300	Active-Low	AKL
MAX5902LBETT	Latched	400	Active-Low	AKM
MAX5902LCETT	Latched	500	Active-Low	AKN
MAX5903NNETT	None	None	Active-High	AKO
MAX5903AAETT	Autoretry	300	Active-High	AKP
MAX5903ABETT	Autoretry	400	Active-High	AKQ
MAX5903ACETT	Autoretry	500	Active-High	AKR
MAX5903LAETT	Latched	300	Active-High	AKS
MAX5903LBETT	Latched	400	Active-High	AKT
MAX5903LCETT	Latched	500	Active-High	AKU

<sup>\*</sup>Requires special solder temperature profile described in the Absolute Maximum Ratings section.

#### **Typical Operating Circuits (continued)**

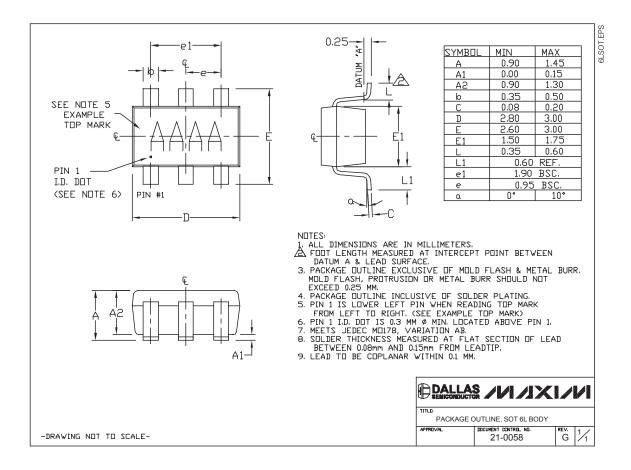


### Pin Configurations (continued)



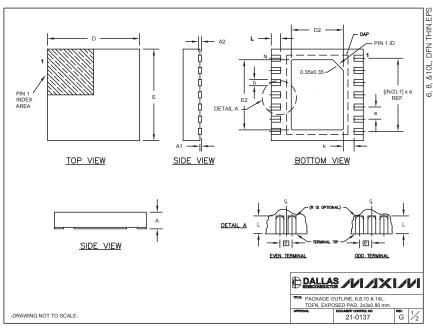
#### Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>.)



#### Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>.)



COMM	ON DIME	NSIONS	]							
SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	1							
A	0.70	0.80	1							
D	2.90	3.10	]							
E	2.90	3.10								
A1	0.00	0.05	1							
L	0.20		ļ							
k	_	25 MIN.								
A2	1 0.3	20 REF.	J							
PACKAGE VA	RIATIONS								1	
PKG. CODE	N	D2	E2	е	JEDEC SPEC	b	[(N/2)-1] x e	DOWNBONDS ALLOWED	†	
T633-1	6	1.50±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.95 BSC	MO229 / WEEA	0.40±0.05	1.90 REF	NO	1	
T633-2	6	1.50±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.95 BSC	MO229 / WEEA	0.40±0.05	1.90 REF	NO	1	
T833-1	8	1.50±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.65 BSC	MO229 / WEEC	0.30±0.05	1.95 REF	NO	1	
T833-2	8	1.50±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.65 BSC	MO229 / WEEC	0.30±0.05	1.95 REF	NO	1	
T833-3	8	1.50±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.65 BSC	MO229 / WEEC	0.30±0.05	1.95 REF	YES	1	
T1033-1	10	1.50±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.50 BSC	MO229 / WEED-3	0.25±0.05	2.00 REF	NO	1	
T1433-1	14	1.70±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.40 BSC		0.20±0.05	2.40 REF	YES	1	
T1433-2	14	1.70±0.10	2.30±0.10	0.40 BSC		0.20±0.05	2.40 REF	NO	1	
AND T143 5. "N" IS THE	Y SHALL HALL NO ENGTH/F HARACTE ONFORM 3-1 & TOTAL	NOT EXCIPITED TEXT NOT EXCEED PACKAGE WERISTIC(S). S TO JEDE T1433-2. NUMBER OF	EED 0.08 m 0.10 mm. IDTH ARE C	nm. CONSIDERED EXCEPT DIM	ENSIONS "D2" ANI	) "E2",			/////X	

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